



Regionalizing the Agenda 2030

The case of Basilicata Region in Italy

Context: from MACRo to MICRO

- SDGs Localization Process – from United Nations to local communities
- 17 SDGs and Agenda 2030 implementation at national and local level
 - Commitment of Institutions, profit and no profit sector, research institutions and people to reach 17 SDGs through local identity and culture
 - SDSN guide for stakeholder (SDGs localization process at urban level)
- SDGs localization process in Italy: ASVIS and MATTM for a Sustainable Development strategy
- Valorization of local culture in order to:
 - Identify local gap and opportunities for sustainable development
 - Identify local baseline and indicators
 - Plan local agenda 2030
 - Monitor and evaluate results
 - Engage local stakeholder, as Agenda 2030 project owner

→ Agenda 2030 Basilicata

Specificity of Basilicata

Basilicata region is devoid of urban dimension and consists in a network of small municipalities, where **sense of place** is very strong.
We talk about **local and sustainable land and community**.

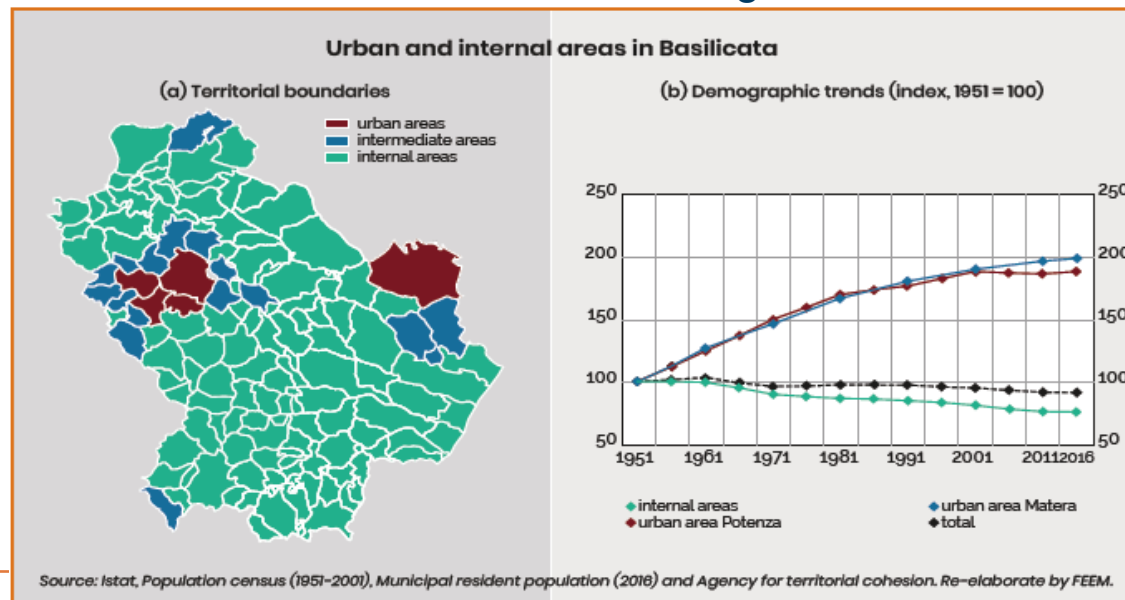
Some data:

Urban areas (Potenza, Matera and hinterland) = 7,7% of regional area,
Intermediate areas = about 10% of regional areas

Rural areas = 50% of total regional area

Forest area = 35% of total regional area

Parks = 23,7% of total regional area



Regionalizing the Agenda - Main concepts

AGENDA 2030 Basilicata relies on:

- institutions and civil society engagement for Sustainable Development
- Involvement of local communities (“comuni polvere”) for a bottom up development approach
- Commitment of Regione Basilicata for Sustainable Development
- Presence of FEEM and UNIBAS as facilitators of the SDGs localisation process

HOW?

- Supporting the **inclusive and participatory process** to build local partnership;
- **Planning** in detail the local Agenda 2030 implementation
- **Monitoring** and **evaluating** the local agenda 2030 implementation
- Localization recognizes that different territories have different needs and priorities that can be better achieved through **bottom-up approach**

Regionalizing the Agenda – Ongoing results 1

Which spheres have already been covered?

- 1) Swot analysis
- 2) Basilicata positioning in relation to SDG's
- 3) Partnership and governance structure;
- 4) Stakeholder register (firts step)

Regionalizing the Agenda – Ongoing results 2

1) Swot analysis

Strong sense of place

Good local planning on sustainable development issues

Matera ECOc 2019 as international link for Basilicata Agenda 2030 (Matera as Capitale Europea della Cultura 2019)

Regionalizing the Agenda – Ongoing results 3

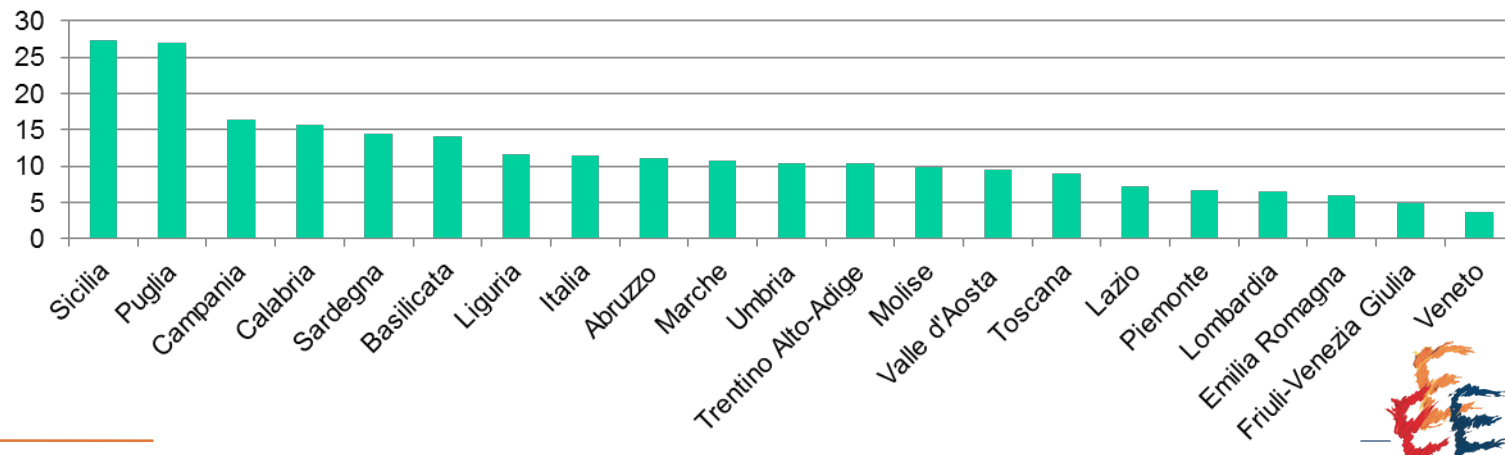
2) Basilicata positioning in relation to SDG's Example – SDG1

Target: Proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions

Poverty – Basilicata:

- People living in material deprivation condition
- Access to ways for individual development, such as education and health system, and for social relations building

% population living in material deprivation conditions



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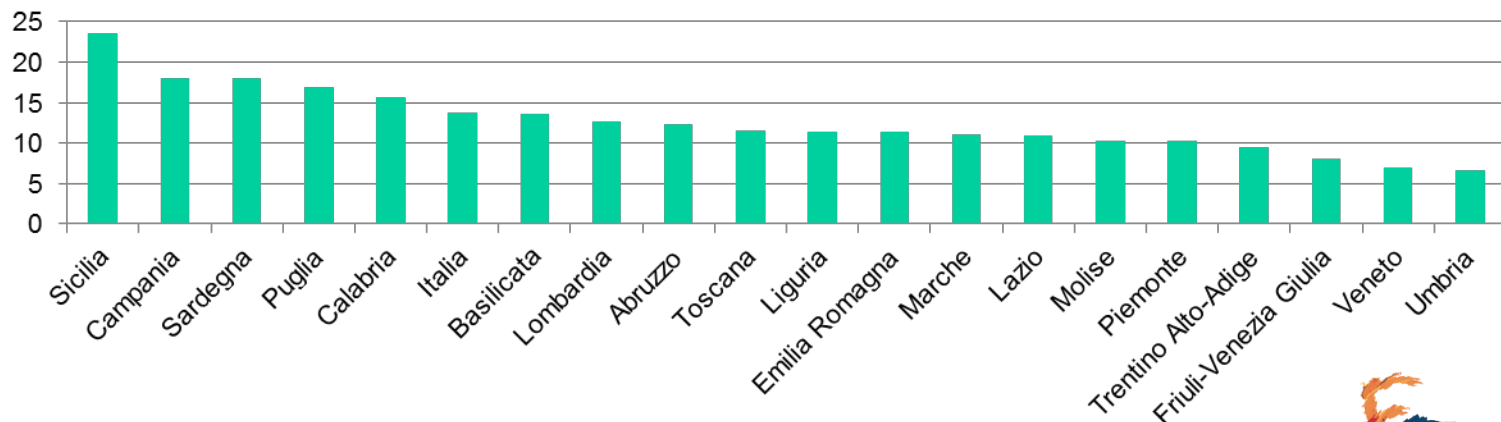
2) Basilicata positioning in relation to SDG's Example – SDG4

Target: % youth leaving education and training process – drop out level

Education – Basilicata:

- Impact on local and national sustainable development
- Education and training for youth – impact on cultural context and on the capacities to be owner of their future

% youth drop out (education and training) – total population



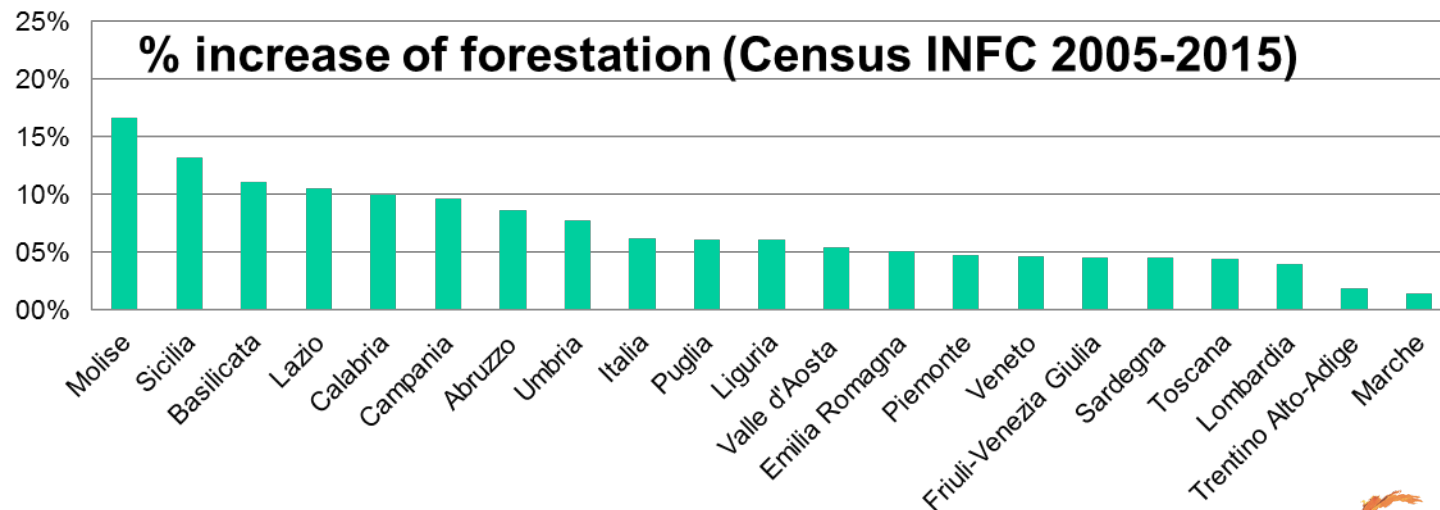
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2) Basilicata positioning in relation to SDG's Example – SDG15

Target: % increase of forestation (census INFC 2005 – 2015)

Life on land – Basilicata:

- Awareness on protection of the territory, cultural approach to develop environmental capacities
- Mitigation of environmental impact on land
- Knowledge on environmental opportunities for sustainable and cultural development



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3) Partnership and governance structure;

- Endorsment from Regione Basilicata;
- Memorandum of understanding with University of Basilicata (scientific and research cooperation on SDG's issues; cooperation to planning, monitoring and evaluating the local Agenda 2030 implementation): FEEM and Unibas are leading the process

4) Stakeholder register: A 'Sustainable Development Roadmap' for mayors and local leaders

- Starting with the stakeholder network involved in FEEM activities in Basilicata/ per SDG;
- Engagement in local Agenda 2030

A lot has been done, but there's still much work to do!

- Finalizing the Agenda 2030 Basilicata
- Sharing of Regional Sustainable Development Strategy and Agenda 2030 Basilicata with stakeholders
- Final version of Regional Sustainable Development Strategy and Agenda 2030 Basilicata
- Identification of the resources and policies needed (fund raising activities planning)
- Monitoring and Evaluation process

References

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- Segretario Generale delle Nazioni Unite Ban Ki-Moon, *The Road to Dignity by 2030: Ending Poverty, Transforming All Lives and Protecting the Planet*, 2014
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